

# A Bill to Regulate Lunar Resource Extraction to Expand U.S. Access to Strategic Space Resources

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The United States shall establish a federal framework to  
3 regulate the extraction and use of lunar resources by U.S. government  
4 agencies to secure strategic materials and expand capabilities for space  
5 exploration, energy production, and national defense.

6 **SECTION 2.** “Lunar resources” are defined as naturally occurring  
7 substances on or beneath the surface of the Moon, including water, ice,  
8 regolith, metals, helium-3, and other rare minerals. “Extraction” refers to  
9 the process of obtaining and processing lunar resources for research,  
10 technological development, or utilization in space operations.

11 **SECTION 3.** The National Aeronautics and Space Administration(NASA)  
12 shall oversee all U.S. lunar extraction missions. NASA shall establish a  
13 Lunar Resource Development Division (LRDD) to:

- 14 A. Approve extraction missions and monitor resource allocation.  
15 B. Prioritize resources that support energy production, deep space  
16 exploration, and technological innovation.  
17 C. Report annually to Congress on resource extraction, usage, and  
18 progress toward national strategic goals.  
19 D. The Department of Defense(DoD) shall coordinate with NASA to  
20 identify resources critical for national security applications.

21 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on August 1, 2026.

22 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared  
null and void.

## A Bill to Abolish Prison Labor

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1 **SECTION 1.** This bill would abolish the use of involuntary prison labor in all federal, state,  
2 and private prison facilities in the United States. Any individual incarcerated  
3 in a federal, state, or private prison, jail, or other detention facility shall no  
4 longer be compelled to provide labor against their will.

5 A. Incarcerated individuals may continue to voluntarily accept work  
6 assignments. Any such voluntary work must be subject to all  
7 applicable federal and state labor laws, ensuring that rights to  
8 minimum wage, overtime pay, and workplace safety protections are  
9 guaranteed.

10 B. No disciplinary action shall be permitted in response to the refusal to  
11 work, including for the refusal of voluntary labor assignments.

12 **SECTION 2.** Involuntary prison labor shall be defined as any involuntary work that is  
13 performed by incarcerated and detained people.

14 **SECTION 3.** The US Attorney General, Department of Justice, and Federal Bureau of  
15 Prisons will oversee the enforcement and implementation of this legislation,  
16 in coordination with state level governments and departments of  
17 corrections.

18 A. Any facility found in violation of this legislation will be subject to a  
19 10% decrease in annual federal funding.

20 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2027. All laws in conflict with this  
legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Introduced for Congressional Debate by Delta High School.*

# A Bill to Prohibit Mandatory Union Dues to Establish a National Right-to-Work Standard.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1           **SECTION 1.**       No employee in the public or private sector shall be required, as a  
2           condition of employment, to obtain membership in a labor organization, or to pay  
3           dues, “fair share” or agency fees to any such organization. While organizations  
4           shall retain their right to negotiate, they shall not demand financial contribution  
5           from non-members

6           **SECTION 2.**       The term “labor organization” means any organization or agency  
7           or employee representation committee or plan, in which employees participate  
8           and which exists for the purpose, in whole or in part, of dealing with employers  
9           concerning grievances, labor disputes, wages, rates of pay, hours of employment,  
10          or conditions of work (29 U.S. Code § 152).

11          **SECTION 3.**       The Department of Labor and the National Labor Relations Board  
12          shall oversee enforcement of this legislation.

13                               Any damages incurred by an individual as a result of a violation of  
14          this legislation shall have a private right of action to sue in a federal court for  
15          damages.

16                               Any firm or organization found in violation of this act shall be fined  
17          up to \$50,000 per violation.

18          **SECTION 4.**       This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2027. Any collective-  
19          bargaining agreement currently in place shall remain valid until its stated  
20          expiration date, after which, any renewal must comply with this legislation

21          **SECTION 5.**       All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null  
22          and void.

23          *Introduced for Congressional Debate by Cheyenne Mountain High School.*

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# A Bill to Restrict or Ban Animal Testing for Medical and Cosmetic Research

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1 **SECTION 1.** All animal testing in medical and cosmetic research be prohibited.

2 **SECTION 2.**

3 A. **Cosmetic Research:** The development, testing, or evaluation of  
4 products intended for cosmetic use, including makeup, skincare,  
5 fragrances, and personal hygiene products.

6 B. **Medical Research:** Scientific investigation aimed at understanding  
7 human health, preventing disease, or developing medical treatments,  
8 drugs, or medical devices.

9 C. **Animal:** Any non-human vertebrate species commonly used in  
10 laboratory research, including but not limited to mammals, birds,  
11 reptiles, and amphibians.

12 D. **Animal Testing:** The use of live animals in experiments or testing  
13 procedures to assess the safety, efficacy, or toxicity of products,  
14 chemicals, or medical treatments.

15 **SECTION 3.** The Food and Drug Administration (FDA), Centers for Disease Control and  
16 Prevention (CDC), United States Department of Agriculture (USDA), and the  
17 Public Health Service (PHS) shall jointly oversee enforcement of this  
18 legislation. Any individual or institution found in violation of this legislation  
19 shall be subject to: A civil fine of up to **\$10,000 per violation**, and  
20 Suspension or revocation of federal research approval. Criminal penalties  
21 may apply only in cases of **willful or repeated violations**, as determined by  
22 federal regulators.

23 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on FY 2026.

24 **SECTION 5** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Introduced for Congressional Debate by Palisade High School*

## A Bill to Prohibit the Advertisement of Sports Betting to Minors

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- 1    **SECTION 1.**    The United States shall prohibit American-based sports betting companies  
2                    from advertising sports betting products or services in media, content, or  
3                    placements that target or are primarily directed towards minors.
- 4    **SECTION 2.**    **Definitions**
- 5                    A. “Sports betting” shall be defined as any form of gambling that involves  
6                    wagering money or items of value on athletic events.
- 7                    B. “Advertisement” refers to promotional content distributed through any  
8                    media, including television, radio, internet platforms, social media,  
9                    applications, or print.
- 10                   C. “Minor” shall be defined as any individual under the age 18.
- 11                   D. “Targeting minors” includes advertising that:
- 12                            1. Appears on platforms where at least 25% of the audience is  
13                            reasonably expected to be under 18;
- 14                            2. Uses age-based data or algorithms to deliver ads to users  
15                            under 18;
- 16                            3. Appears in content primarily intended for minors; or
- 17                            4. Uses themes, imagery, influencers, or branding designed to  
18                            appeal to minors.
- 19    **SECTION 3.**    The Federal Trade Commission (FTC) shall enforce this legislation and  
20                    regulate advertising partnerships between sports betting companies and  
21                    media platforms.
- 22                    A. Media platforms must use existing age-gating and audience data tools  
23                    to prevent delivery of sports betting advertisements to minors.
- 24                    B. Violations are subject to graduated civil penalties:
- 25                            a. First violation: up to \$250,000
- 26                            b. Second violation: up to \$500,000
- 27                            c. Subsequent or willful violations: up to \$500,000 plus up to 1%  
28                            of annual U.S. advertising revenue.
- 29                            d. The FTC may impose temporary suspension of sports betting  
30                            advertising privileges for repeated or egregious violations.
- 31    **SECTION 4.**    This legislation will take effect on September 1, 2026. All laws in conflict  
32                    with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Introduced for Congressional Debate by Golden High School.*